# STRIKE FIRST CORPORATION

777 Tapscott Road Scarborough, Ontario M1X 1A2

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared to US OSHA, CMA, ANSI and Canadian WHMIS Standards

# Section 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME (AS LABELED): CARBON DIOXIDE (GAS AND LIQUID)

**PRODUCT USE:** Fire Protection

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: STRIKE FIRST CORPORATION c/o Air Liquide Canada Inc.

1250 Rene-Levesque West, Suite 700

Montreal, QC H3B 5E6 416.299.7767

BUSINESS PHONE: 416.299.7767 DATE OF REVISION: Feb. 6, 2015

# Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical state: Gas or liquefied gas. OSHA/HCS status: WARNING!

HIGH PRESSURE GAS. GAS REDUCES OXYGEN AVAILABLE FOR

BREATHING.

Keep away from heat (<52°C/125°F). Use only with adequate ventilation. Extremely hazardous gas/liquid under pressure. Keep cylinder valve closed when the product is not

used. Gas may accumulate in confined areas.

Routes of entry: Inhalation. Dermal contact. Eye contact.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Inhalation of this product may cause dizziness, an irregular heartbeat, narcosis, nausea or

asphyxiation.

Skin: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eyes: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. Since the product is a gas, it will

probably be inhaled rather than ingested. See above.

**Potential chronic** 

health effect: Carcinogenic effects: Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

Mutagenic effects: Not available. Teratogenic effects: Not available.

Over-exposure signs and symptoms

Inhalation:No specific dataIngestion:No specific dataSkin:No specific dataEyes:No specific data

Medical conditions aggravated by

**over-exposure:** Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

#### COMPOSITION. INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Section 3.

#### Canada

	- Carland					
<b>Chemical Name:</b>		CAS NUMBER	MOLE%			
	G 1 B' '1	124 29 9	00.7			
	Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	>99.5			

### **United States**

Clitta States		-	·	
<b>Chemical Name:</b>	CAS	MOLE%	Occupational exposure limits	IDLH
	NUMBER		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2004).	
			STEL: 54000 mg/m3 15 minute(s). Form: All	40000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	>99.5	forms	
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). Form: All forms	
			TWA: 9000 mg/m3 8 hour(s). Form: All forms	
			TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms	
			NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).	
			STEL: 54000 mg/m3 15 minute(s). Form: All	
			forms	
			STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minute(s). Form: All forms	
			TWA: 9000 mg/m3 10 hour(s). Form: All forms	
			TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hour(s). Form: All forms	
			OSHA PEL (United States, 8/1997).	
			TWA: 9000 mg/m3 8 hour(s). Form: All forms	
			TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms	

**C:** Ceiling Limit **NE: Not Established** See Section 16 for possible acronym definition

See Sections 8, 11, 14, and 15 for details.

#### Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Prompt medical attention is mandatory in all cases of overexposure to this gas. Rescue personnel should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention if symptoms appear.

Skin: Not applicable. **Eves:** Not applicable

**Ingestion:** Since the product is a gas, it will probably be inhales rather than ingested. See above.

**Notes to physician:** The medical doctor must be warned that the person may suffer from anoxia.

#### Section 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability of the product: Non-flammable.

**Products of combustion:** Decomposition products may include the following materials:

Carbon dioxide & Carbon monoxide

**Explosion hazards in the** 

presence of various substances:

Fire fighting media and

instructions:

Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated.

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice.

Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated a pressure increase will occur and the containers may burst or explode.

Special protective equipment For fire-fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: EVACUATE ALL PERSONNEL FROM AFFECTED AREA

Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is on cylinder or cylinder valve,

contact the closest Air Liquide location.

**Environmental** In case of a leak, clear the affected area, protect people, eliminate sources of ignition

**precautions:** and respond with trained personnel.

If leaking incidentally from the cylinder or its valve, contact your supplier. Use non-

sparking tools and equipment during the response.

Methods for cleaning up: Contact your local Air Liquide Gas supplier for details

## Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Valve protection caps must remain in place unless cylinder is secured with valve outlet piped to usage

point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow to the cylinder. Do not tamper with (valve) safety

device. Close valve after each use and when empty.

**Storage:** Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible

construction away from heavy traffic areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 52°C/125°F. Cylinders must be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Prevent full cylinders being stored for excessive periods of time. Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the

storage or use area. There should be no source of ignition in the storage or use area.

## Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering** Use only in well-ventilated areas. Gas is heavier than air and will therefore accumulate in low

**controls:** lying areas.

**Personal protection** 

**Respiratory:** Maintain oxygen levels above 19.5% in the workplace. Use supplied air respiratory protection if

oxygen levels are below 19.5% (air purifying respirators will not function) or during emergency response to a release of this gas. During an emergency situation, before entering the area, check for oxygen-deficient atmospheres. If respiratory protection is required, follow the requirements of the Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), or equivalent State standard.

**Hands:** Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders of this gas. Otherwise, wear glove protection appropriate

to the specific operation for which this gas is used.

**Eyes:** Safety glasses with side shields.

**Skin/Body:** Use body protection appropriate for task. Cotton clothing is recommended for use to prevent static

electric build-up. Pressurized product may require use of fire retardant clothing.

Metal cap, safety shoes, are recommended when handling cylinders.











Some applications of this product may require additional or other specific protective clothings. Please consult your supervisor.

**Personal protection:** Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or face shield. Impervious gloves. Protective

clothing. Metal cap, safety shoes. Wear MSHA/NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing

apparatus or equivalent and full protective gear.

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>Exposure Limits</b>
Canada	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).
Carbon Dioxide	STEL: 54000 mg/m3 15 minute(s).
	TWA: 90000 m9/m3 8 hour(s).
United States	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2006).
Carbon Dioxide	STEL: 54000 mg/m3 15 minute(s).
	TWA: 9000 mg/m3 8 hour(s).
	NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).
	STEL: 54000 mg/m3 15 minute(s).
	TWA: 9000 mg/m3 10 hour(s).
	OSHA PEL (United States, 8/1997).
	TWA: 9000 mg/m3 8 hour(s).

**NE: Not Established** 

# Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical state:** Gas or liquefied gas.

Color: Colorless.
Odor: Odorless.
Molecular weight: 44.01 g/mole.

**Molecular formula:** CO2.

**Boiling/condensation point:** -78.55C (-109.4F).

**Melting/freezing point:** Sublimation temperature: -78.5C (-109.3F).

Critical temperature:30.9C (87.6F).Specific gravity:1.56 (Air = 1).Vapor density:1.53 (Air = 1).

**Solubility:** Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.

# Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and reactivity: This product is stable.

**Hazardous** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

**decomposition products:** not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur

## Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Toxicity Data** 

**IDLH:** 40,000 ppm

**Acute Effects** 

**Inhalation:** Inhalation of this product may cause dizziness, irregular heartbeat, narcosis, nausea or

asphyxiation.

Skin: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eyes: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. Since the product is a gas, it will

probably be inhaled rather than ingested, see above.

**Potential chronic** Carcinogenic effects: Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU, ACGIH.

health effects: Mutagenic effects: Not available Teratogenic effects: Not available

### Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Products of degradation:** This gas is released as in in the atmosphere.

## Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

**Disposal:** Residual materials contained in customer-owned cylinders should be disposed of in

accordance with Federal, State and Local regulations on waste management. For residual materials contained in cylinders owned by Air Liquide, contact Sales or Customer Service to determine appropriate disposal. Do not return cylinders without authorization from Air

Liquide.

## Section 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

<b>AERG:</b>	120				
Regulatory Information	Proper shipping name	Class	UN number	PG	Label
UN / IMDG / IATA Classification	CARBON DIOXIDE	2.2	UN1013	-	
DOT Classification					
TDG Classification					2

Additional	UN	IMDG	IATA	DOT	TDG
Information					
			Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	Limited quantity	
			Quantity Limitation: 75 kg	Yes	
				Packaging Instruction	
	-	-	Cargo Aircraft Only	Passenger aircraft	
			Quantity Limitation: 150 kg	Quantity Limitation: 75 kg	
				Cargo aircraft	
				Quantity Limitation: 150 kg	

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards and should be discouraged.

# Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Canada** 

WHMIS (Canada): Class A: Compressed gas.

Canada inventory: This material is listed or exempted

CEPA DSL: All components Listed



## **United States**

## OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29CFR PART 1910.1200).

Compressed gas

Target organ effects

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution – chemical inventory – hazard identification: Carbon dioxide: Sudden

release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

CERCLA: Hazardous substances: No products were found

## **US INVENTORY (TSCA)**

TSCA 8 (b) inventory: All components listed.

**State regulations** 

California prop. 65: No products were found

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed

Florida substances: This material is not listed

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed
Massachusetts Substances: This material is not listed
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed
Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed
New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed

New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed

## Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# WHMIS (Canada): Information System (USA)

HEALTH	(BLUE)	1
FIRE HAZARD	(RED)	0
REACTIVITY	(YELLOW)	0
PERSONAL PROTECT	G	



Consult an Industrial Hygienist or other trained person when you make your safety evaluation of the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties which can cause serious injury or death.

Further information about gas mixtures can be found in pamphlets published by: Compressed Gas Association Inc (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923 Telephone: (703) 788-2700.

**Acronyms:** ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NTP: National Toxicology program.

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit.

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health.

NE: Not established. C: Ceiling Limit.

DSL: Domestic Substance List. NDSL: Non-Domestic Substance List. CFR: Code of Federal Regulations.

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act.

## Notice to reader

This Material Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR, 1910.1200, American National Standard Institute Z400.1, 2004, the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information Systems (WHMIS). Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this gas mixture. To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.